### **BIE - 312 ECOLOGIA VEGETAL**

O que é Ecologia Vegetal?

Estudo da distribuição e abundância dos vegetais e os fatores associados (determinantes bióticos e abióticos)

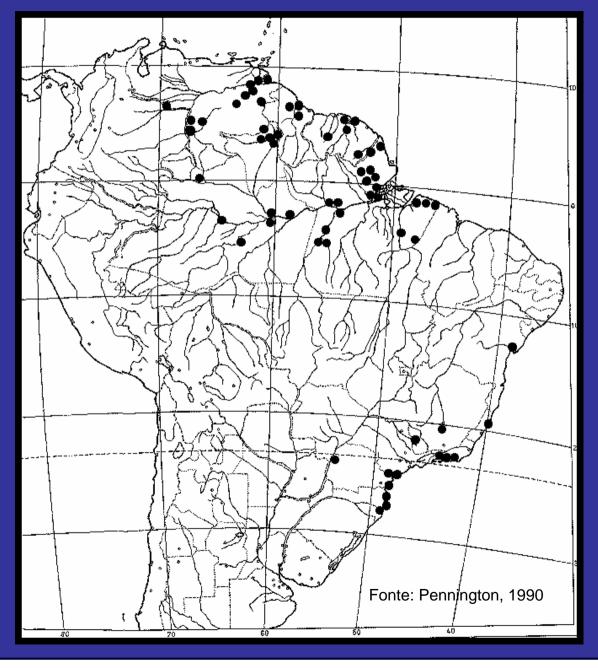
Pouteria venosa (Mart.) Baehni

**SAPOTACEAE** 

**Disjuntion distribution**between Atlantic and
Amazon Forests

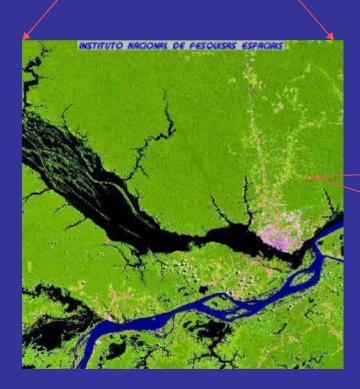


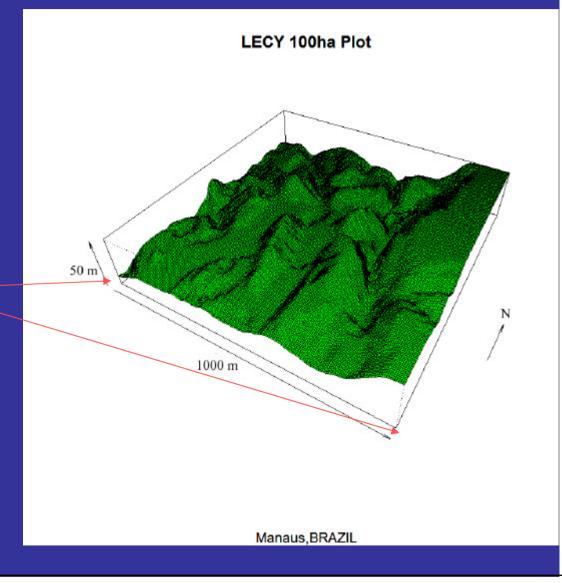
# Distribution Pattern



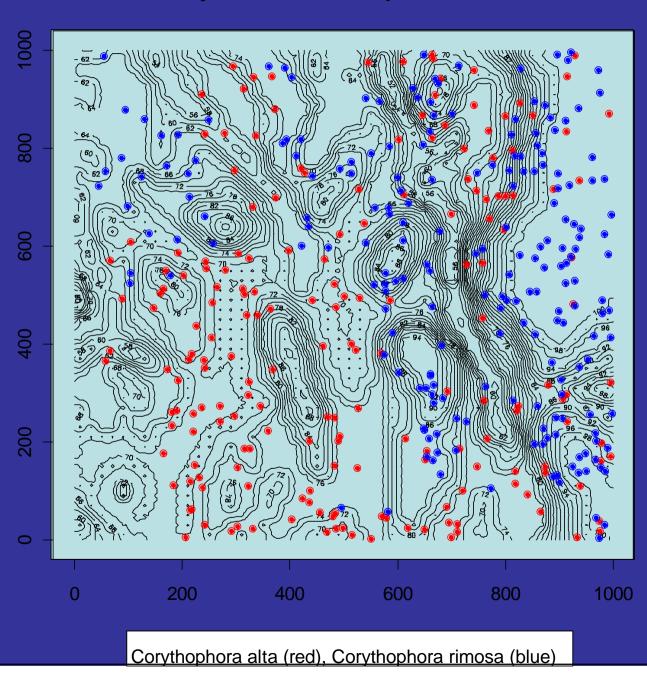


# Floresta de terra firme Amazônia Central









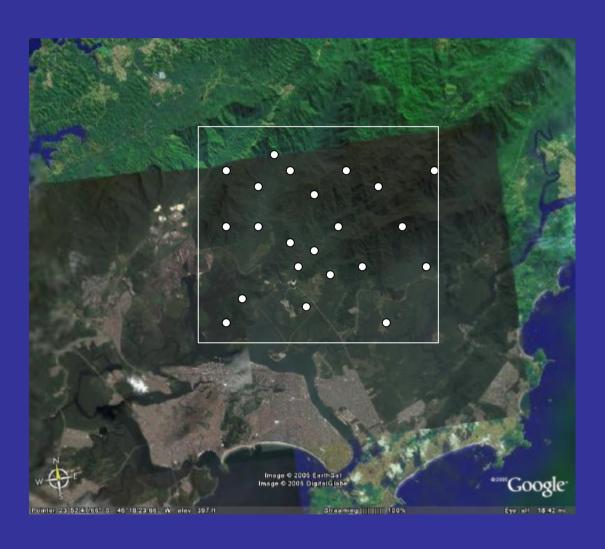
# Fragmento Florestal - Santos



# Paisagem na Baixada Santista



# Baixada Santista



# Região São Paulo -Santos



# Estado de São Paulo



# América do Sul



## Manguezal





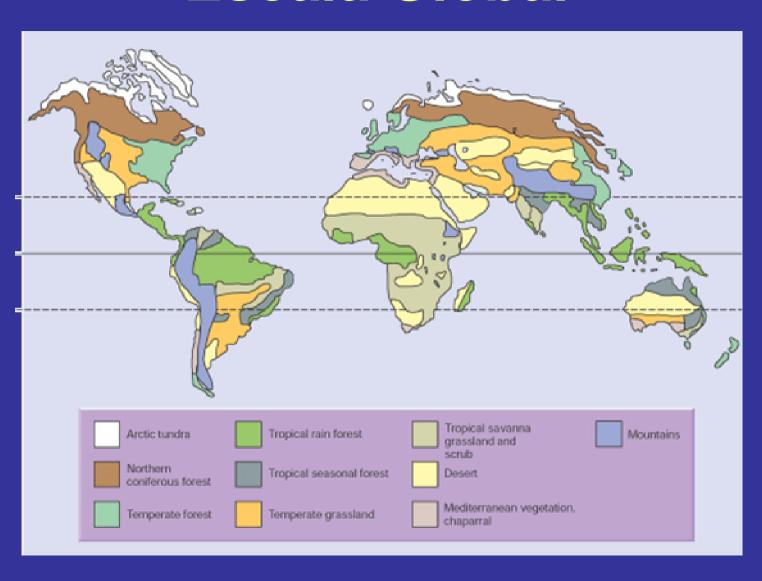




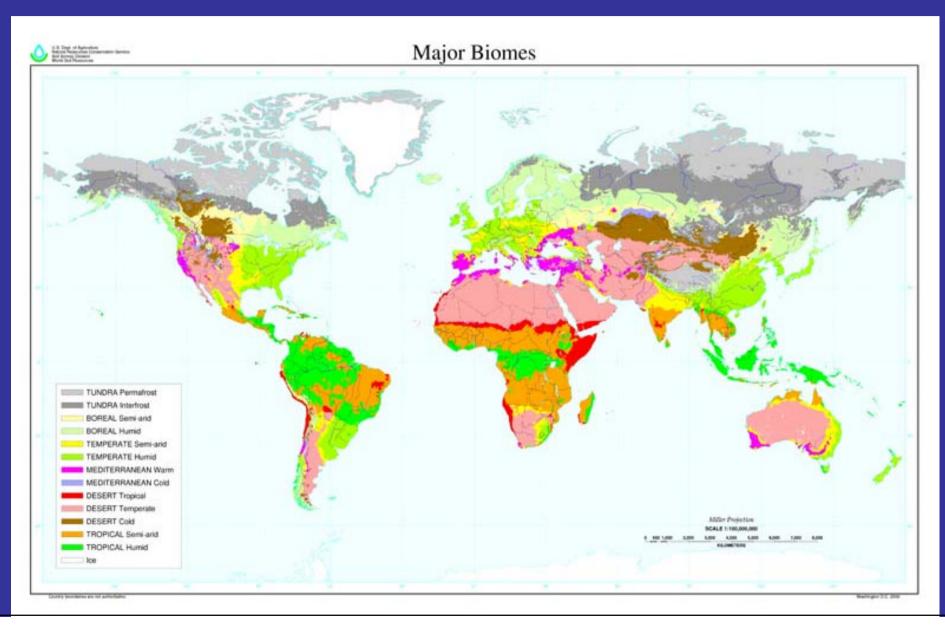




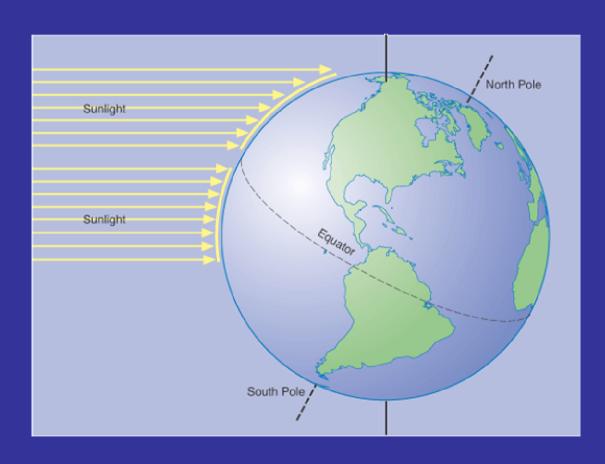
# Escala Global



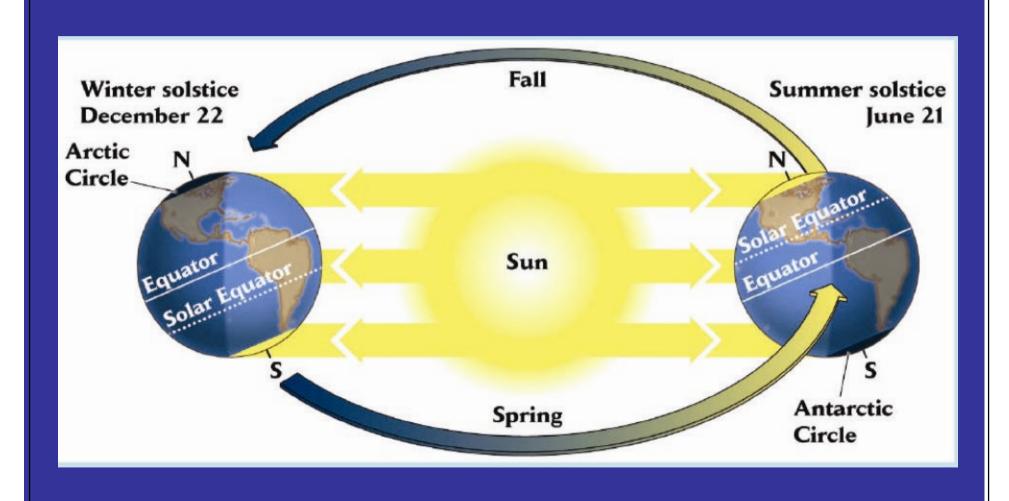
# Biomas



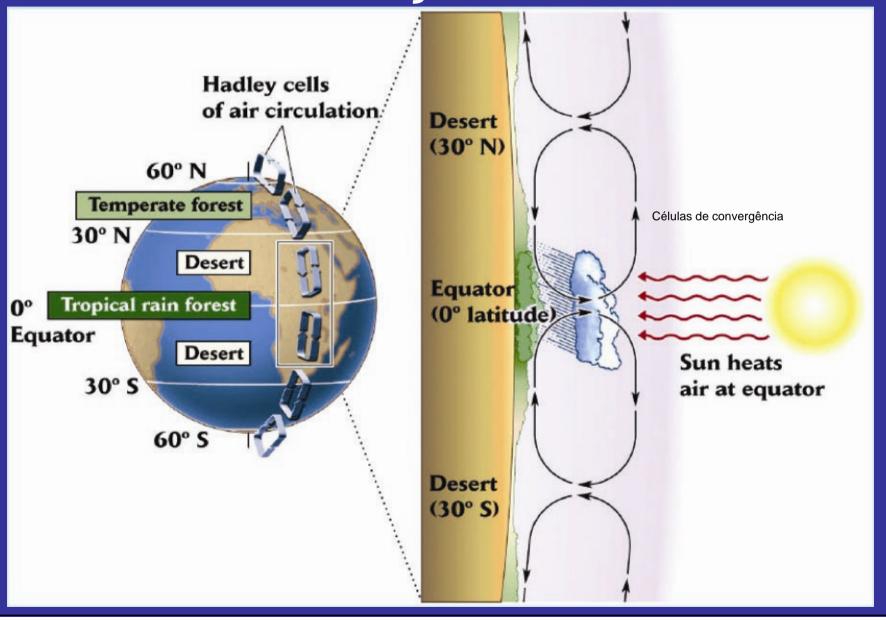
# Quais os principais determinantes das formações vegetais do globo?



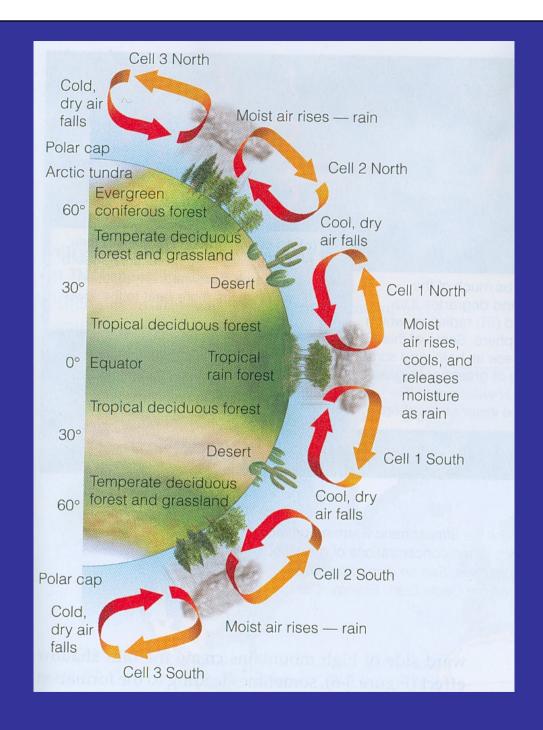
# Sazonalidade da Radiação



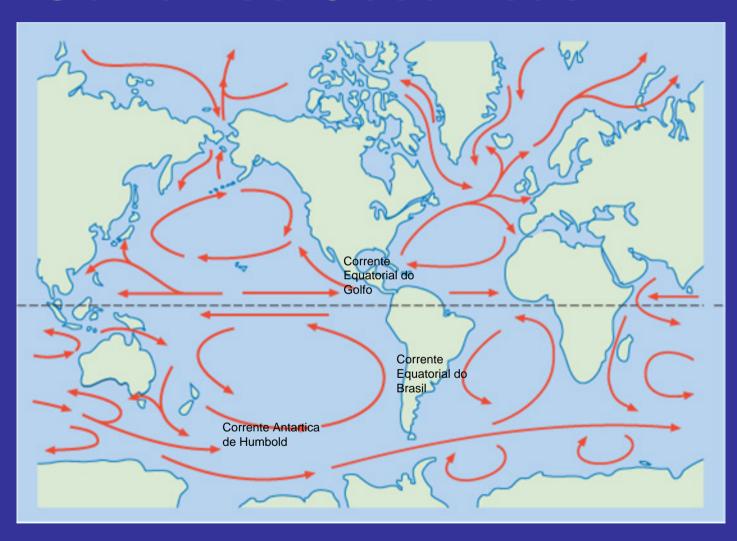
# Circulação de Ar



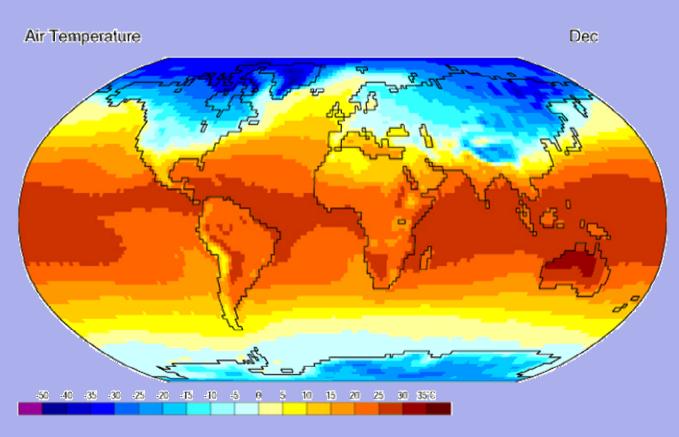
# Sonvergência Intertropica



# Correntes Oceânicas

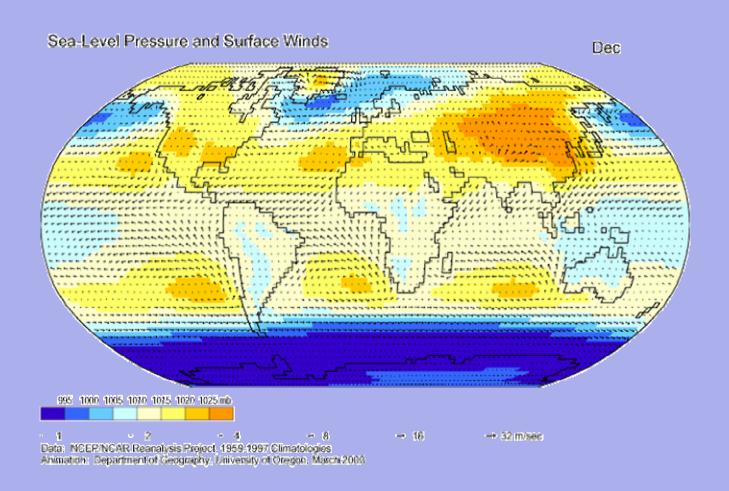


### **Determinantes do Macro Clima**

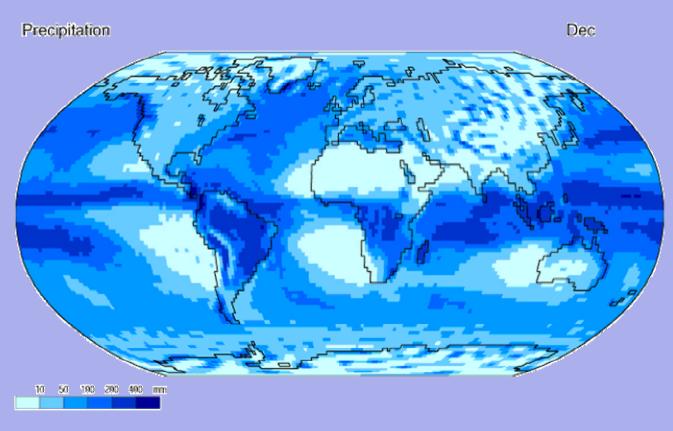


Data: NGEP/NGAR Reanalysis Project, 1959-1997 Climatologies Animation. Department of Geography, University of Gregon, March 2003

### **Determinantes do Macro Clima**

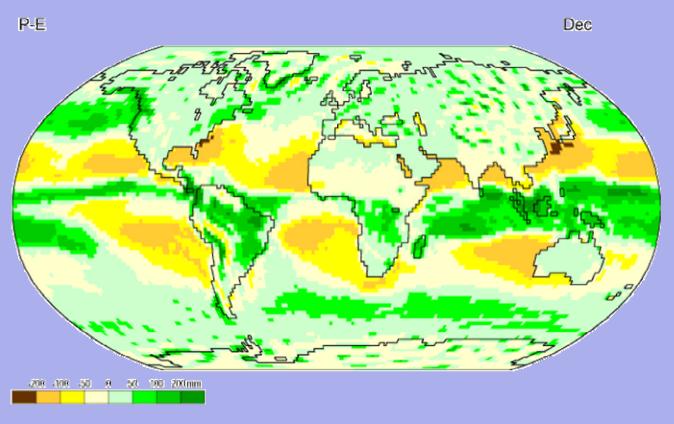


### **Determinantes do Macro Clima**



Data: NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis Project, 1959-1997 Climatologies Animation: Department of Geography, University of Oregon, March 2000

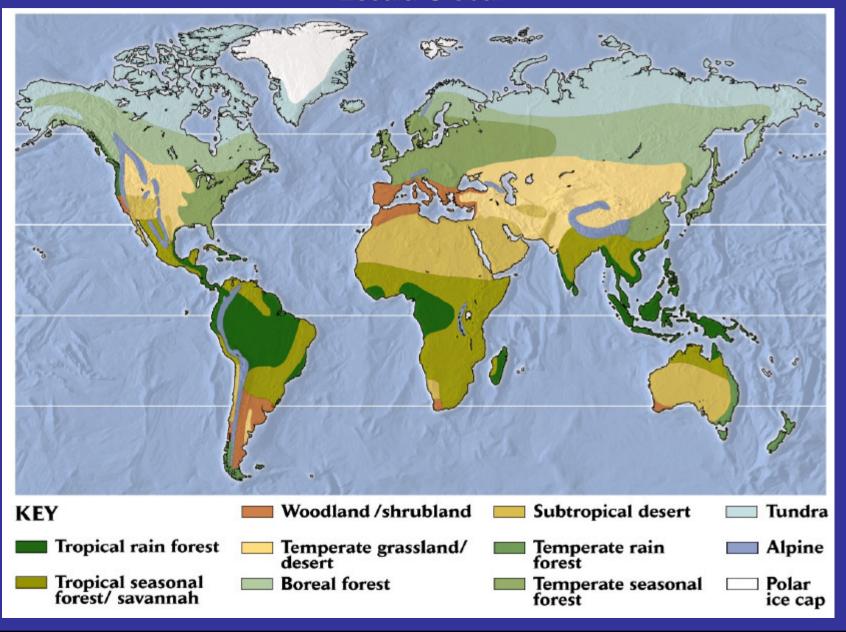
# Precipitação – Evaporação



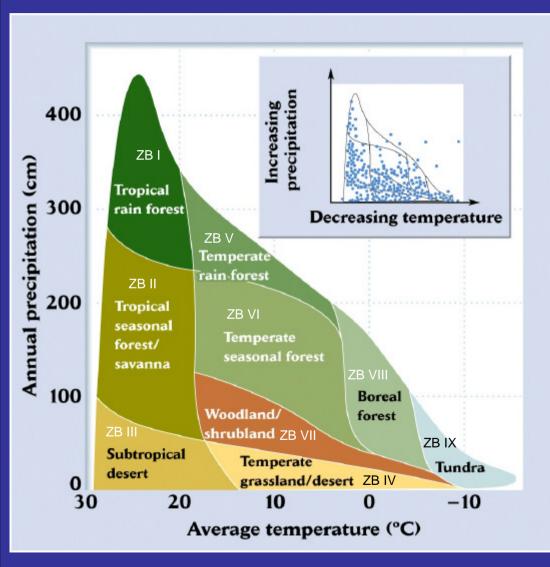
Deta: NCER/NCAR keanalysis Project, 1959-1997 Climatologies Animation: Department of Geography, University of Oregon, March 2000

# Clima x Vegetação

Escala Global



# Clima Vegetação Escala Global



ZB I : Equatorial úmido

ZB II: Tropical sazonal, chuvas de verão

ZB III: Árido Subtropical, desertos

ZB IV: sazonal com verão seco e chuvas invernais

ZB V: Temperado quente e úmido

ZB VI: temperado típico

ZB VII: Temperado árido, inverno frio

ZB VIII: Temperado frio, verão pouco quente

ZB IX: Clima Polar Artico e Antartico

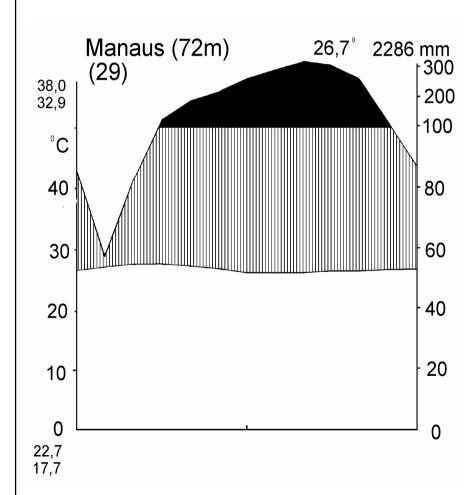
# FLORESTAS TROPICAIS



As florestas pluviais tropicais ocupam somente 7 % da superfície da terra, mas podem abrigar 50 % de todas as espécies do planeta

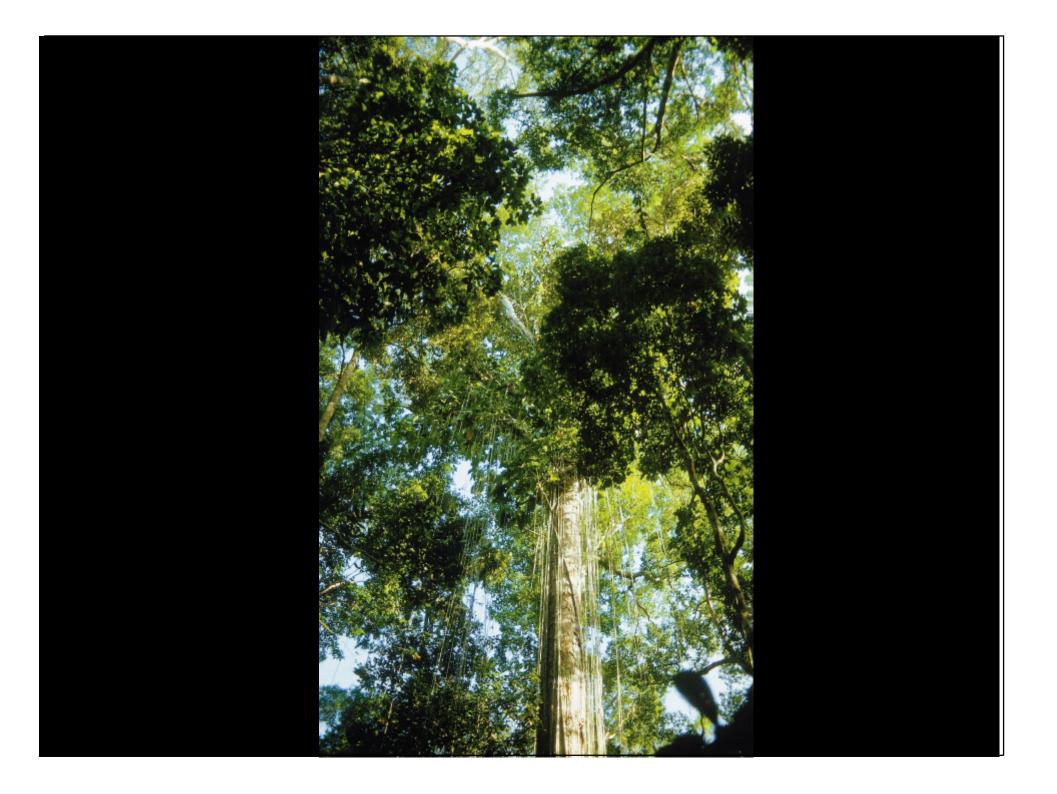
Brasil abriga cerca de 40 % de todas as florestas pluviais tropicais do mundo

# Florestas Pluviais Tropicais ZB I – Equatorial úmido

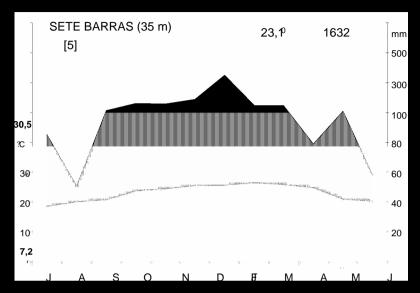


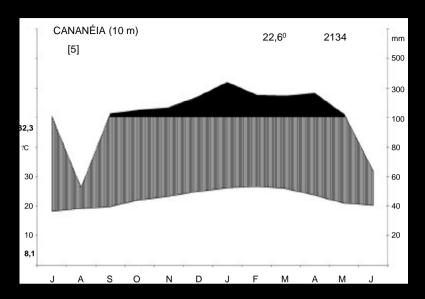


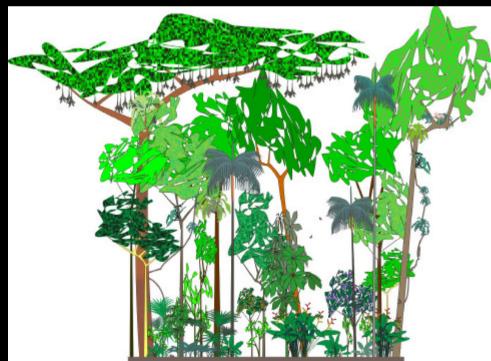




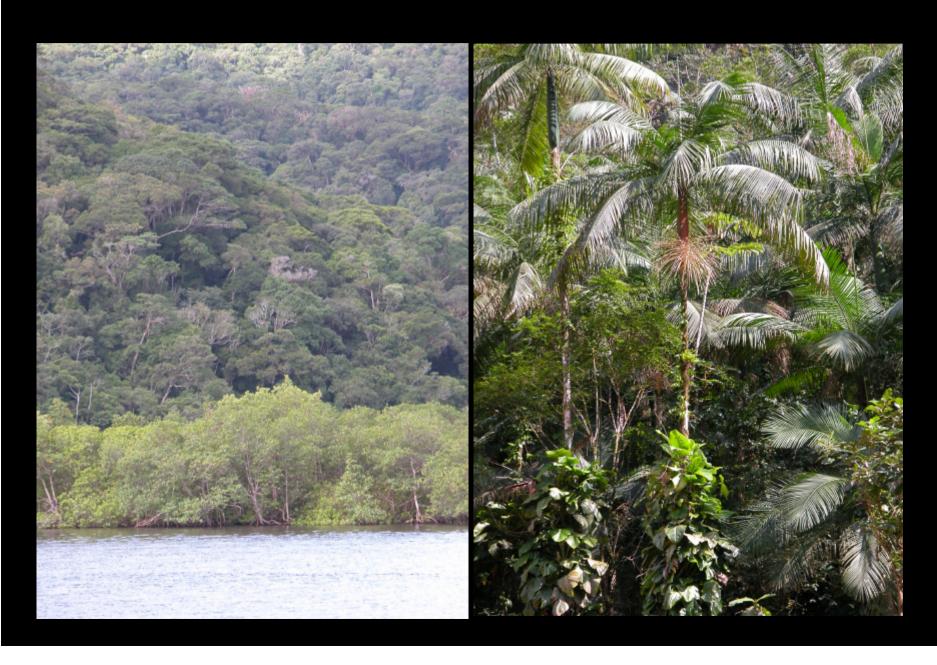
### Floresta Atlântica







### Floresta Pluvial Tropical Atlântica



### A. Superwet Localities

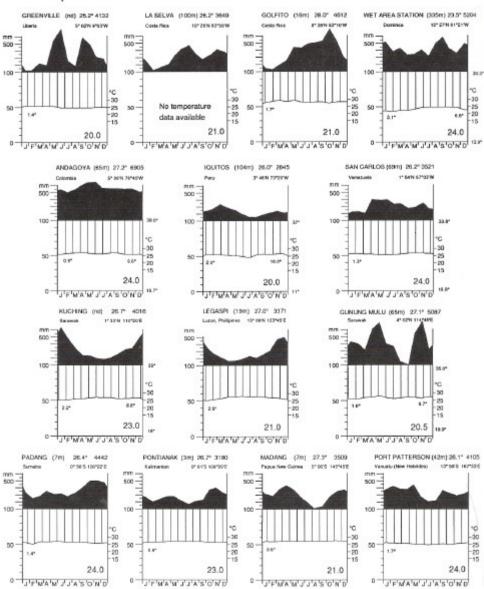
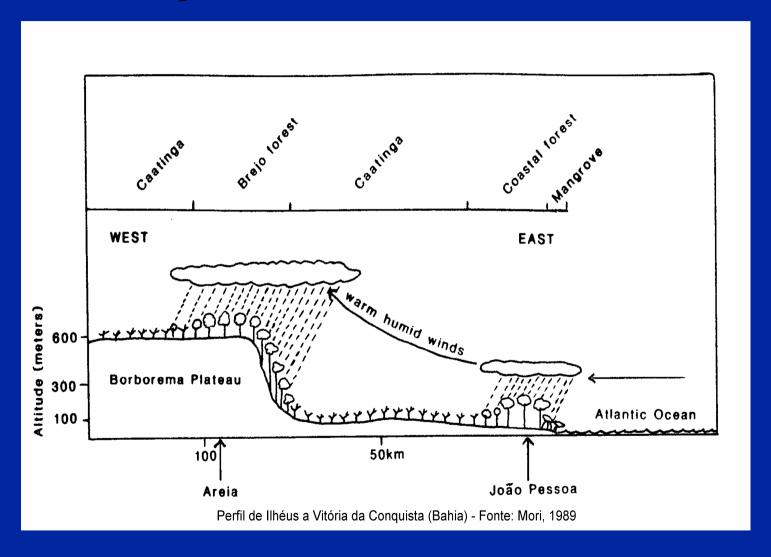
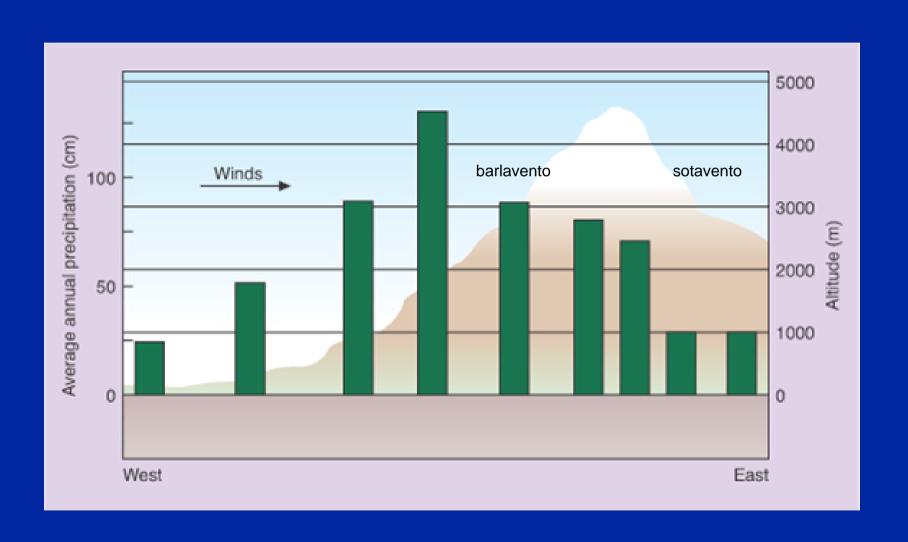


Fig. 7.2 Climate diagrams for tropical rain forest stations. Locations are shown in Figure 7.1. The diagrams mostly follow the conventions of Walter & Lieth (1960). The station name line also gives station altitude (m), mean annual temperature (°C) and mean annual rainfall (mm). The annual and mean daily ranges in temperature (°C) are shown towards the left and right, respectively, of the graph. The highest and lowest recorded temperatures are given (where available) above and below the temperature

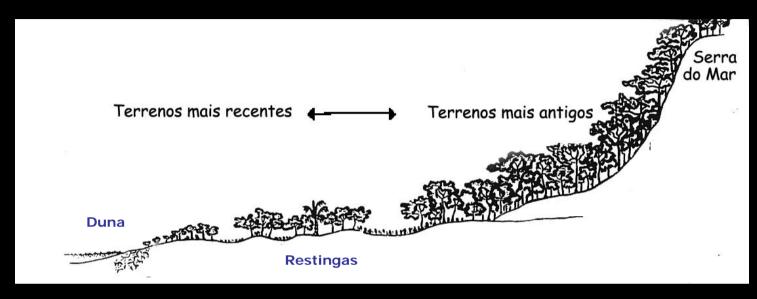
# Clima x Vegetação Escala Regional



# Clima x Vegetação Escala Regional



### Formações pioneiras





### Formações pioneiras

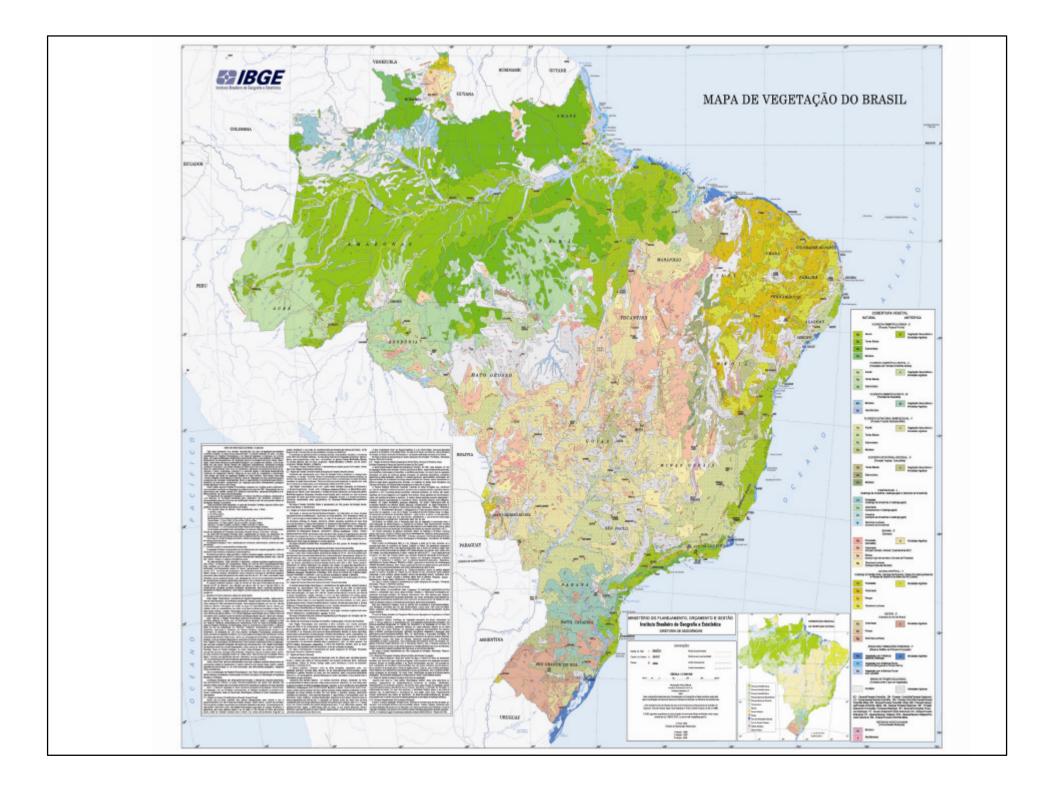
### Duna

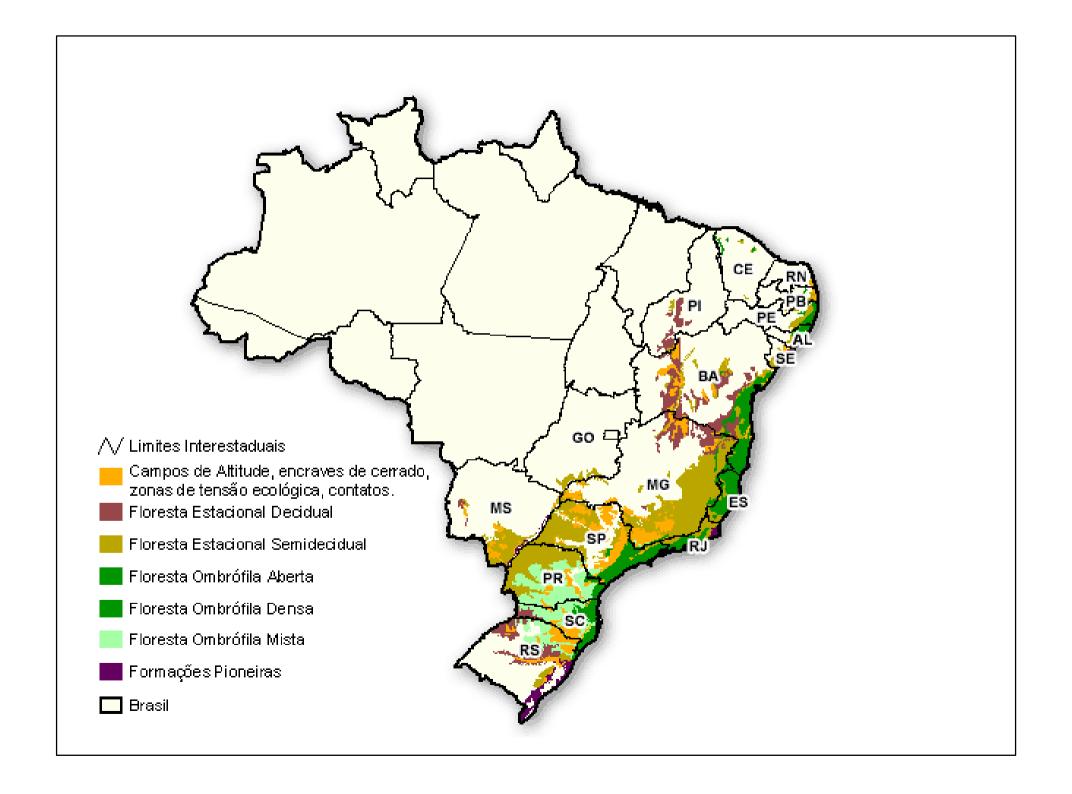




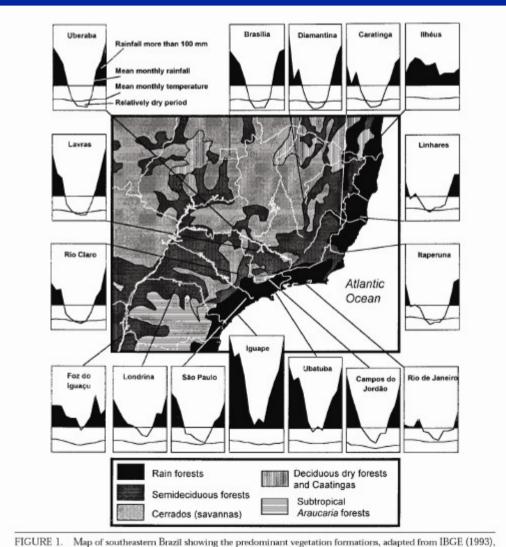
*Ipomea* sp.





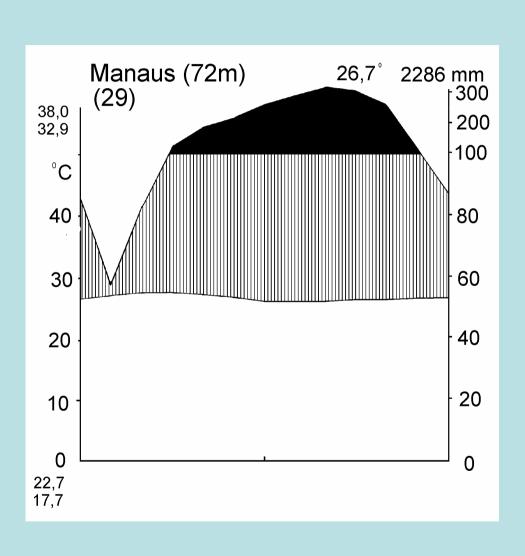


# Floresta Atlântica



and Walter climatic diagrams for selected localities.

### Prática: Climadiagrama



Precipitação mensal média 300 200 100 As chuvas superam Seca, pois a 80 a evapotranspiração Evapotranspiração potencial 30 potencial supera as chuvas! 20-10-20 jul aug sep oct nov dec jan feb mar apr may jun Temperatura mensal média

